Building Sustainable Communities and Artisanal & Small-scale Mining

CASM Secretariat Team

CASM 5th Annual General Meeting Salvador de Bahia – September 18th to 24th

Building Sustainable Communities and ASM

- Why is it important to integrate ASM activities in the development of the surrounding communities?
- What does "Sustainable Communities" mean?
- What can ASM do to support community development?
- How do you integrate ASM into sustainable community development?

Building Sustainable Communities Why?

Communities and Small-Scale Mining (CASM) Mission Statement:

To reduce poverty by supporting integrated sustainable development of communities affected by or involved in artisanal and small-scale mining in developing countries

Building Sustainable Communities Why?

- Poverty reduction is at the center of CASM's mission.
- International aid resources are insufficient to meet the Millennium Development Goals (MDGs) and reduce poverty by half until 2015.
- In many poor areas of the world, mining including ASM – represents an opportunity to socio-economic "growth" and achieve the MDGs.

Building Sustainable Communities Why?

- CASM strongly supports the principle that communities can and should benefit from ASM activities that affect them.
 - ASM miners do not live in isolation: impacts affect the miners themselves, their families and the communities in their neighborhood

– ASM challenges are also ASM opportunities

Building Sustainable Communities What does it mean?

- It is about growth but growth is not limited to the economic dimension
- It is about sustainability but sustainability is not only about future generations: it also applies to people today.

Building Sustainable Communities What does it mean?

- Growth and sustainability are about:
 - Better life: access to social services (health, education, infrastructure), jobs creation and economic diversification (less ghost mining towns)
 - Better governance: communities should be able to participate in decision making processes about their future – empowerment, peace, equality, solidarity, political balance and legitimacy
 - Better environment: ASM without contamination, health and safety.

Building Sustainable Communities What can ASM do?

- Challenges become community opportunities, for example:
 - Formalization means improved business security and "social responsibility"
 - Better organization (cooperatives, small enterprises) means better incomes for the miners and their families
 - Better technology means less contamination and better revenues
 - Better organization and technology mean better health (STD, malaria, health & safety)
 - Reducing child labor means better education opportunities
 - Better community integration means better distribution of benefits and less conflicts
 - Better community integration means also the possibility to plan and develop the community. Etc..

- Integrated rural or urban development: the ASM miners cannot do it alone! A role for many stakeholders:
 - ASM organizations
 - Communities
 - Community-Based (CBOs) and Non Governmental Organizations (NGOs)
 - Local authorities
 - Government
 - Other sectors and businesses
 - Financial sector

- Communities are not only key partners in efforts to advance ASM, but should be drivers of human development through participation in decision-making and on-the-ground action (J. Hinton, 2005)
- ASM organizations get organized, start to think beyond the immediate payback and become "good citizen", getting actively interested in the development of their community
- Local authorities improve their management capacity
- CBOs and NGOs facilitate community organizational and development processes

- Government provides an adequate formalization framework (mining rights; business development and access to finance regulations; local use of fiscal revenues; environmental compliance system;..); facilitate access to social services.
- Financial system facilitates access to trade and export financing
- Academia and consultant firms can provide technical assistance

- A useful methodology: Community Driven Development (CDD), facilitated by CBO/NGO
 - Participatory diagnostic and identification of opportunities
 - Consultation process
 - Integration of ASM and other sectors (services, businesses, agriculture, large scale mining)
 - Participatory preparation of Community Development Plan (CDP) (formalization process, social services, infrastructure, economic diversification options etc..)
 - Implementation of CDP: ASM and community own resources, locally available fiscal resources, government development projects..)

Building Sustainable Communities A Role for CASM?

Knowledge sharing

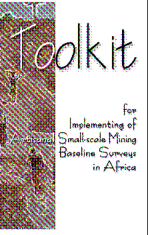
Companyies and Surdi Scale Minute (CASM) Initiation

Review for COMMUNITIES AND SMALL-SCALE MINING N INTEGRATED REVIEW FOR DEVELOPMENT PLANNING

Icaniler I. Hinton

CASM – An Integrated **Development Planning**

> Toolkit for Implementing of **ASM Baseline** Surveys in Africa



- Link with Governments or Development Agencies projects
- CASM resources (Small Grants, DGF..)

Building Sustainable Communities Summary

- Why? Poverty reduction and ASM challenges become community opportunities
- What? Socio-economic growth and sustainability – better life, governance and environment today
- How? Integrated development approach CDD, capacity building and sector(s) reform
- Who? Integrated multi-stakeholders approach

Building Sustainable Communities

Do you want to know more?

Welcome to the 5th CASM Annual General Meeting and Learning Event!